ISLAM

The Conference of the Birds (Mantiq ut-Tayr)

A Sufi poem by Attar of Nishapur that uses allegory and mystical poetry to describe the soul's journey outside mainstream legalistic theology. Presents Edward FitzGerald's 1889 "Bird Parliament" -- an abridged poetic paraphrase, not a literal translation.

Presented by Earth's Sacred Texts — blackbetty.space

Contents

Bird Parliament

Bird Parliament

Once on a time from all the Circles seven Between the stedfast Earth and rolling Heaven
THE BIRDS, of all Note, Plumage, and Degree, That float in Air, and roost upon the Tree;
And they that from the Waters snatch their Meat, And they that scour the Desert with long Feet;
Birds of all Natures, known or not to Man, Flock'd from all Quarters into full Divan,
On no less solemn business than to find Or choose, a Sultan Khalif of their kind,
For whom, if never theirs, or lost, they pined. The Snake had his, 'twas said; and so the Beast
His Lion-lord: and Man had his, at least: And that the Birds, who nearest were the Skies,
And went apparell'd in its Angel Dyes. Should be without — under no better Law
Than that which lost all other in the Maw — Disperst without a Bond of Union — nay,
Or meeting to make each the other's Prey — This was the Grievance — this the solemn Thing
On which the scatter'd Commonwealth of Wing, From all the four Winds, flying like to Cloud
That met and blacken'd Heav'n, and Thunder-loud With Sound of whirring Wings and Beaks that clash'd
Down like a Torrent on the Desert dash'd: Till by Degrees, the Hubbub and Pell-mell
Into some Order and Precedence fell, And, Proclamation made of Silence, each
In special Accent, but in general Speech That all should understand, as seem'd him best,
The Congregation of all Wings addrest. And first, with Heart so full as from his Eyes
Ran weeping, up rose Tajidar the Wise; The mystic Mark upon whose Bosom show'd
That He alone of all the Birds THE ROAD Had travell'd: and the Crown upon his Head
Had reach'd the Goal; and He stood forth and said: 'O Birds, by what Authority divine
I speak you know by His authentic Sign, And Name, emblazon'd on my Breast and Bill:
Whose Counsel I assist at, and fulfil: At His Behest I measured as he plann'd
The Spaces of the Air and Sea and Land; I gauged the secret sources of the Springs
From Cloud to Fish: the Shadow of my Wings Dream'd over sleeping Deluge: piloted
The Blast that bore Sulayman's Throne: and led The Cloud of Birds that canopied his Head;
Whose Word I brought to Balkis: and I shared The Counsel that with Asaf he prepared.
And now you want a Khalif: and I know Him, and his whereabout, and How to go:
And go alone I could, and plead your cause Alone for all: but, by the eternal laws,
Yourselves by Toil and Travel of your own Must for your old Delinquency atone.
Were you indeed not blinded by the Curse Of Self-exile, that still grows worse and worse,
Yourselves would know that, though you see him not, He is with you this Moment, on this Spot,
Your Lord through all Forgetfulness and Crime, Here, There, and Everywhere, and through all Time.

But as a Father, whom some wayward Child By sinful Self-will has unreconciled,
Waits till the sullen Reprobate at cost Of long Repentance should regain the Lost;
Therefore, yourselves to see as you are seen, Yourselves must bridge the Gulf you made between
By such a Search and Travel to be gone Up to the mighty mountain Kaf, whereon
Hinges the World, and round about whose Knees Into one Ocean mingle the Sev'n Seas;
In whose impenetrable Forest-folds Of Light and Dark "Symurgh" his Presence holds;
Not to be reach 'd, if to be reach'd at all But by a Road the stoutest might apal;
Of Travel not of Days or Months, but Years — Life-long perhaps: of Dangers, Doubts, and Fears
As yet unheard of: Sweat of Blood and Brain Interminable — often all in vain —
And, if successful, no Return again: A Road whose very Preparation scared
The Traveller who yet must be prepared. Who then this Travel to Result would bring
Needs both a Lion's Heart beneath the Wing, And even more, a Spirit purified
Of Worldly Passion, Malice, Lust, and Pride: Yea, ev'n of Worldly Wisdom, which grows dim
And dark, the nearer it approaches Him, Who to the Spirit's Eye alone reveal'd,
By sacrifice of Wisdom's self unseal'd; Without which none who reach the Place could bear
To look upon the Glory dwelling there.' One Night from out the swarming City Gate
Stept holy Bajazyd, to meditate Alone amid the breathing Fields that lay
In solitary Silence leagues away, Beneath a Moon and Stars as bright as Day.
And the Saint wondering such a Temple were, And so lit up, and scarce one worshipper,
A voice from Heav'n amid the stillness said: 'The Royal Road is not for all to tread,
Nor is the Royal Palace for the Rout, Who, even if they reach it, are shut out.
The Blaze that from my Harim window breaks With fright the Rabble of the Roadside takes;
And ev'n of those that at my Portal din, Thousands may knock for one that enters in.'
Thus spoke the Tajidar: and the wing'd Crowd, That underneath his Word in Silence bow'd,
Clapp'd Acclamation: and their Hearts and Eyes Were kindled by the Firebrand of the Wise.
They felt their Degradation: they believed The word that told them how to be retrieved,
And in that glorious Consummation won Forgot the Cost at which it must be done.
'They only long'd to follow: they would go Whither he led, through Flood, or Fire, or Snow' —
So cried the Multitude. But some there were Who listen'd with a cold disdainful air,
Content with what they were, or grudging Cost Of Time or Travel that might all be lost;
These, one by one, came forward, and preferr'd Unwise Objection: which the wiser Word
Shot with direct Reproof, or subtly round With Argument and Allegory wound.
The Pheasant first would know by what pretence The Tajidar to that pre-eminence
Was raised — a Bird, but for his lofty Crest (And such the Pheasant had) like all the Rest —
Who answer'd — 'By no Virtue of my own Sulayman chose me, but by His alone:
Not by the Gold and Silver of my Sighs Made mine, but the free Largess of his Eyes.

Behold the Grace of Allah comes and goes As to Itself is good: and no one knows
Which way it turns: in that mysterious Court Not he most finds who furthest travels for't.
For one may crawl upon his knees Life-long, And yet may never reach, or all go wrong:
Another just arriving at the Place He toil'd for, and — the Door shut in his Face:
Whereas Another, scarcely gone a Stride, And suddenly — Behold he is Inside ! —
But though the Runner win not, he that stands, No Thorn will turn to Roses in his Hands:
Each one must do his best and all endure, And all endeavour, hoping but not sure.
Heav'n its own Umpire is; its Bidding do, And Thou perchance shalt be Sulayman's too.'
One day Shah Mahmud, riding with the Wind A-hunting, left his Retinue behind,
And coming to a River, whose swift Course Doubled back Game and Dog, and Man and Horse,
Beheld upon the Shore a little Lad A-fishing, very poor, and Tatter-clad
He was, and weeping as his Heart would break. So the Great Sultan, for good humour's sake
Pull'd in his Horse a moment, and drew nigh, And after making his Salam, ask'd why
He wept — weeping, the Sultan said, so sore As he had never seen one weep before.
The Boy look'd up, and 'O Amir,' he said, 'Sev'n of us are at home, and Father dead,
And Mother left with scarce a Bit of Bread: And now since Sunrise have I fish'd — and see!
Caught nothing for our Supper — Woe is Me!' The Sultan lighted from his horse. 'Behold,'
Said he, 'Good Fortune will not be controll'd: And, since Today yours seems to turn from you,
Suppose we try for once what mine will do, And we will share alike in all I win.'
So the Shah took, and flung his Fortune in, The Net; which, cast by the Great Mahmud's Hand,
A hundred glittering Fishes brought to Land. The Lad look'd up in Wonder — Mahmud smiled
And vaulted into Saddle. But the Child Ran after — 'Nay, Amir, but half the Haul
Is yours by Bargain' — 'Nay, Today take all,' The Sultan cried, and shook his Bridle free —
'But mind — Tomorrow All belongs to Me — ' And so rode off. Next morning at Divan
The Sultan's Mind upon his Bargain ran, And being somewhat in a mind for sport
Sent for the Lad: who, carried up to Court, And marching into Royalty's full Blaze
With such a Catch of Fish as yesterday's, The Sultan call'd and set him by his side,
And asking him, 'What Luck?' The Boy replied, 'This is the Luck that follows every Cast,
Since o'er my Net the Sultan's Shadow pass'd.' Then came The Nightingale, from such a Draught
Of Ecstasy that from the Rose he quaff d Reeling as drunk, and ever did distil
In exquisite divisions from his Bill To inflame the Hearts of Men — and thus sang He —
'To me alone, alone, is giv'n the Key Of Love; of whose whole Mystery possesst,
When I reveal a little to the Rest, Forthwith Creation listening forsakes
The Reins of Reason, and my Frenzy takes: Yea, whosoever once has quaint this wine
He leaves unlisten'd David's Song for mine. In vain do Men for my Divisions strive,
And die themselves making dead Lutes alive: I hang the Stars with Meshes for Men's Souls:

The Garden underneath my Music rolls. The long, long Morns that mourn the Rose away
I sit in silence, and on Anguish prey: But the first Air which the New Year shall breathe
Up to my Boughs of Message from beneath That in her green Harim my Bride unveils,
My Throat bursts silence and her Advent hails, Who in her crimson Volume registers
The Notes of Him whose Life is lost in hers. The Rose I love and worship now is here;
If dying, yet reviving, Year by Year; But that you tell of, all my Life why waste
In vainly searching; or, if found, not taste?' So with Division infinite and Trill
On would the Nightingale have warbled still, And all the World have listen'd; but a Note
Of sterner Import check'd the lovesick Throat. 'O watering with thy melodious Tears
Love's Garden, and who dost indeed the Ears Of men with thy melodious Fingers mould
As David's Finger Iron did of old: Why not, like David, dedicate thy Dower
Of Song to something better than a Flower? Empress indeed of Beauty, so they say,
But one whose Empire hardly lasts a Day, By Insurrection of the Morning's Breath
That made her hurried to Decay and Death: And while she lasts contented to be seen,
And worshipt, for the Garden's only Queen, Leaving thee singing on thy Bough forlorn,
Or if she smile on Thee, perhaps in Scorn.' Like that fond Dervish waiting in the throng
When some World-famous Beauty went along, Who smiling on the Antic as she pass'd —
Forthwith Staff, Bead and Scrip away he cast, And grovelling in the Kennel, took to whine
Before her Door among the Dogs and Swine. Which when she often went unheeding by,
But one day quite as heedless ask'd him — Why?' — He told of that one Smile, which, all the Rest
Passing, had kindled Hope within his Breast — Again she smiled and said, 'O self -beguiled
Poor Wretch, at whom and not on whom I smiled.' Then came the subtle Parrot in a coat
Greener than Greensward, and about his Throat A Collar ran of sub-sulphureous Gold;
And in his Beak a Sugar-plum he troll'd, That all his Words with luscious Lisping ran,
And to this Tune — 'O cruel Cage, and Man More iron still who did confine me there,
Who else with him whose Livery I wear Ere this to his Eternal Fount had been,
And drunk what should have kept me ever-green. But now I know the Place, and I am free
To go, and all the Wise will follow Me. Some' — and upon the Nightingale one Eye
He leer'd — 'for nothing but the Blossom sigh: But I am for the luscious Pulp that grows
Where, and for which the Blossom only blows: And which so long as the Green Tree provides
What better grows along Kaf's dreary Sides? And what more needful Prophet there than He
Who gives me Life to nip it from the Tree?' To whom the Tajidar — 'O thou whose Best
In the green leaf of Paradise is drest, But whose Neck kindles with a lower Fire —
O slip the collar off of base Desire, And stand apparell'd in Heav'n's Woof entire!
This Life that hangs so sweet about your Lips But, spite of all your Khizar, slips and slips,

What is it but itself the coarser Rind Of the True Life withinside and behind,
Which he shall never never reach unto Till the gross Shell of Carcase he break through?'
For what said He, that dying Hermit, whom Your Prophet came to, trailing through the Gloom
His Emerald Vest, and tempted — 'Come with Me, And Live.' The Hermit answered — 'Not with Thee.
Two Worlds there are, and This was thy Design, And thou hast got it; but The Next is mine;
Whose Fount is this life's Death, and to whose Side Ev'n now I find my Way without a Guide.'
Then like a Sultan glittering in all Rays Of Jewelry, and deckt with his own Blaze,
The glorious Peacock swept into the Ring: And, turning slowly that the glorious Thing
Might fill all Eyes with wonder, thus said He. 'Behold, the Secret Artist, making me,
With no one Colour of the skies bedeckt, But from its Angel's Feathers did select
To make up mine withal, the Gabriel Of all the Birds: though from my Place I fell
In Eden, when Acquaintance I did make In those blest days with that Sev'n-headed Snake,
And thence with him, my perfect Beauty marr'd With these ill Feet, was thrust out and debarr'd.
Little I care for Worldly Fruit or Flower, Would you restore me to lost Eden's Bower,
But first my Beauty making all complete With reparation of these ugly Feet.'
'Were it,' 'twas answer'd, 'only to return To that lost Eden, better far to burn
In Self-abasement up thy plumed Pride, And ev'n with lamer feet to creep inside —
But all mistaken you and all like you That long for that lost Eden as the true;
Fair as it was, still nothing but the shade And Out-court of the Majesty that made.
That which I point you tow'rd, and which the King I tell you of broods over with his Wing,
With no deciduous leaf, but with the Rose Of Spiritual Beauty, smells and glows:
No plot of Earthly Pleasance, but the whole True Garden of the Universal Soul.'
For so Creation's Master- Jewel fell From that same Eden: loving which too well,
The Work before the Artist did prefer, And in the Garden lost the Gardener.
Wherefore one Day about the Garden went A voice that found him in his false Content,
And like a bitter Sarsar of the North Shrivell'd the Garden up, and drove him forth
Into the Wilderness: and so the Eye Of Eden closed on him till by and by.
Then from a Ruin where conceal'd he lay Watching his buried Gold, and hating Day,
Hooted The Owl. — T tell you, my Delight Is in the Ruin and the Dead of Night
Where I was born, and where I love to wone All my Life long, sitting on some cold stone
Away from all your roystering Companies, In some dark Corner where a Treasure lies;
That, buried by some Miser in the Dark, Speaks up to me at Midnight like a Spark;
And o'er it like a Talisman I brood, Companion of the Serpent and the Toad.
What need of other Sovereign, having found, And keeping as in Prison underground,

173 One before whom all other Kings bow down, And with his glittering Heel their Foreheads crown?'

174 'He that a Miser lives and Miser dies, At the Last Day what Figure shall he rise?'

175 A Fellow all his life lived hoarding Gold, And, dying, hoarded left it. And behold,

176 One Night his Son saw peering through the House A Man, with yet the semblance of a Mouse,

177 Watching a crevice in the Wall — and cried 'My Father?' — 'Yes,' the Musulman replied,

178 'Thy Father!' — 'But why watching thus?' — For fear Lest any smell my Treasure buried here.'

179 'But wherefore, Sir, so metamousified?' 'Because, my Son, such is the true outside

180 Of the inner Soul by which I lived and died.' Aye,' said The Partridge, with his Foot and Bill

181 Crimson with raking Rubies from the Hill, And clattering his Spurs — Wherewith the Ground

182 I stab,' said he, 'for Rubies, that, when found I swallow; which, as soon as swallow'd, turn

183 To Sparks which though my beak and eyes do burn. Gold, as you say, is but dull Metal dead,

184 And hanging on the Hoarder's Soul like Lead: But Rubies that have Blood within, and grown

185 And nourisht in the Mountain Heart of Stone, Burn with an inward Light, which they inspire,

186 And make their Owners Lords of their Desire.' To whom the Tajidar — As idly sold

187 To the quick Pebble as the drowsy Gold, As dead when sleeping in their mountain mine

188 As dangerous to Him who makes them shine: Slavish indeed to do their Lord's Commands,

189 And slave-like aptest to escape his Hands, And serve a second Master like the first,

190 And working all their wonders for the worst.' Never was Jewel after or before

191 Like that Sulayman for a Signet wore: Whereby one Ruby, weighing scarce a grain

192 Did Sea and Land and all therein constrain, Yea, ev'n the Winds of Heav'n — made the fierce East

193 Bear his League-wide Pavilion like a Beast, Whither he would: yea, the Good Angel held

194 His subject, and the lower Fiend compell'd. Till, looking round about him in his pride,

195 He overtax'd the Fountain that supplied, Praying that after him no Son of Clay

196 Should ever touch his Glory. And one Day Almighty God his Jewel stole away,

197 And gave it to the Div, who with the Ring Wore also the Resemblance of the King,

198 And so for forty days play'd such a Game As blots Sulayman's forty years with Shame.

199 Then The Shah-Falcon, tossing up his Head Blink-hooded as it was — 'Behold,' he said,

200 'I am the chosen Comrade of the King, And perch upon the Fist that wears the Ring;

201 Born, bred, and nourisht, in the Royal Court, I take the Royal Name and make the Sport.

202 And if strict Discipline I undergo And half my Life am blinded — be it so;

203 Because the Shah's Companion ill may brook On aught save Royal Company to look.

204 And why am Ito leave my King, and fare With all these Rabble Wings I know not where?' —

205 'O blind indeed' — the Answer was, 'and dark To any but a vulgar Mortal Mark,

206 And drunk with Pride of Vassalage to those Whose Humour like their Kingdom comes and goes;

All Mutability: who one Day please To give: and next Day what they gave not seize:
Like to the Fire: a dangerous Friend at best, Which who keeps farthest from does wiseliest.
A certain Shah there was in Days foregone Who had a lovely Slave he doted on,
And cherish'd as the Apple of his Eye, Clad gloriously, fed sumptuously, set high,
And never was at Ease were He not by, Who yet, for all this Sunshine, Day by Day
Was seen to wither like a Flower away. Which, when observing, one without the Veil
Of Favour ask'd the Favourite — Why so pale And sad?' thus sadly answer'd the poor Thing —
'No Sun that rises sets until the King, Whose Archery is famous among Men,
Aims at an Apple on my Head, and when The stricken Apple splits, and those who stand
Around cry "Lo! the Shah's unerring Hand!" Then He too laughing asks me "Why so pale
And sorrow-some? as could the Sultan fail, Who such a master of the Bow confest,
And aiming by the Head that he loves best.'" Then on a sudden swoop 'd The Phoenix down
As though he wore as well as gave The Crown: And cried — 'I care not, I, to wait on Kings,
Whose crowns are but the Shadow of my Wings!' Aye,' was the Answer — And, pray, how has sped,
On which it lighted, many a mortal Head?' A certain Sultan dying, his Vizier
In Dream beheld him, and in mortal Fear Began — 'O mighty Shah of Shahs ! Thrice-blest' —
But loud the Vision shriek'd and struck its Breast, And 'Stab me not with empty Title!' cried —
'One only Shah there is, and none beside, Who from his Throne above for certain Ends
Awhile some Spangle of his Glory lends To Men on Earth; but calling in again
Exacts a strict account of every Grain. Sultan I lived, and held the World in scorn:
O better had I glean'd the Field of Corn! O better had I been a Beggar born,
And for my Throne and Crown, down in the Dust My living Head had laid where Dead I must!
0 wither'd, wither'd, wither'd, be the Wing Whose overcasting Shadow made me King!'
Then from a Pond, where all day long he kept, Waddled the dapper Duck demure, adept
At infinite Ablution, and precise In keeping of his Raiment clean and nice.
And 'Sure of all the Race of Birds,' said He, 'None for Religious Purity like Me,
Beyond what strictest Rituals prescribe — Methinks I am the Saint of all our Tribe,
To whom, by Miracle, the Water, that 1 wash in, also makes my Praying-Mat.'
To whom, more angrily than all, replied The Leader, lashing that religious Pride,
That under ritual Obedience To outer Law with inner might dispense:
For, fair as all the Feather to be seen, Could one see through, the Maw was not so clean:
But He that made both Maw and Feather too Would take account of, seeing through and through.
A Shah returning to his Capital, His subjects drest it forth in Festival,
Thronging with Acclamation Square and Street, And kneeling flung before his Horse's feet
Jewel and Gold. All which with scarce an Eye The Sultan superciliously rode by:

Till coming to the public Prison, They Who dwelt within those grisly Walls, by way
Of Welcome, having neither Pearl nor Gold, Over the wall chopt Head and Carcase roll'd,
Some almost parcht to Mummy with the Sun, Some wet with Execution that day done.
At which grim Compliment at last the Shah Drew Bridle: and amid a wild Hurrah
Of savage Recognition, smiling threw Silver and Gold among the wretched Crew,
And so rode forward. Whereat of his Train One wondering that, while others sued in vain
With costly gifts, which carelessly he pass'd, But smiled at ghastly Welcome like the last;
The Shah made answer — All that Pearl and Gold Of ostentatious Welcome only told:
A little with great Clamour from the Store Of hypocrites who kept at home much more.
But when those sever'd Heads and Trunks I saw — Save by strict Execution of my Law
They had not parted company; not one But told my Will not talk'd about, but done.'
Then from a Wood was heard unseen to coo The Ring-dove — Yusuf ! Yusuf ! Yiisuf ! Yu-'
(For thus her sorrow broke her Note in twain, And, just where broken, took it up again)
'-suf! Yusuf! Yusuf! Yusuf!'— But one Note, Which still repeating, she made hoarse her throat:
Till checkt — 'O You, who with your idle Sighs Block up the Road of better Enterprise;
Sham Sorrow all, or bad as sham if true, When once the better thing is come to do;
Beware lest wailing thus you meet his Doom Who all too long his Darling wept, from whom
You draw the very Name you hold so dear, And which the World is somewhat tired to hear.'
When Yusuf from his Father's Home was torn, The Patriarch's Heart was utterly forlorn,
And, like a Pipe with but one stop, his Tongue With nothing but the name of Yusuf rung.
Then down from Heaven's Branches flew the Bird OfHeav'n and said 'God wearies of that word:
Hast thou not else to do and else to say?' So Jacob's lips were sealed from that Day.
But one Night in a Vision, far away His darling in some alien Field he saw
Binding the Sheaf; and what between the Awe Of God's Displeasure and the bitter Pass
Of passionate Affection, sigh'd Alas — ' And stopp'd — But with the morning Sword of Flame
That oped his Eyes the sterner Angel's came For the forbidden Word not utter'd by
Thy Lips was yet sequester'd in that Sigh.' And the right Passion whose Excess was wrong
Blinded the aged Eyes that wept too long. And after these came others — arguing,
Enquiring and excusing — some one Thing, And some another — endless to repeat,
But, in the Main, Sloth, Folly, or Deceit. Their Souls were to the vulgar Figure cast
Of earthly Victual not of Heavenly Fast. At last one smaller Bird, of a rare kind,
Of modest Plume and unpresumptuous Mind, Whisper'd 'O Tajidar, we know indeed
How Thou both knowest, and would'st help our Need; For thou art wise and holy, and hast been
Behind the Veil, and there The Presence seen. But we are weak and vain, with little care
Beyond our yearly Nests and daily Fare — How should we reach the Mountain? and if there
How get so great a Prince to hear our Prayer? For there, you say, dwells The Symurgh alone

In Glory, like Sulayman on his Throne, And we but Pismires at his feet: can He
Such puny Creatures stoop to hear, or see; Or hearing, seeing, own us — unakin
As He to Folly, Woe, and Death, and Sin?' — To whom the Tajidar, whose Voice for those
Bewilder'd ones to full Compassion rose 'O lost so long in exile, you disclaim
The very Fount of Being whence you came, Cannot be parted from, and, will or no,
Whether for Good or Evil must re-flow ! For look — the Shadows into which the Light
Of his pure Essence down by infinite Gradation dwindles, which at random play
Through Space in Shape indefinite — one Ray Of his Creative Will into defined
Creation quickens: We that swim the Wind, And they the Flood below, and Man and Beast
That walk between, from Lion to the least Pismire that creeps along Sulayman's Wall —
Yea, that in which they swim, fly, walk, and crawl — However near the Fountain Light, or far
Removed, yet His authentic Shadows are; Dead Matter's Self but the dark Residue
Exterminating Glory dwindles to. A Mystery too fearful in the Crowd
To utter — scarcely to Thyself aloud — But when in solitary Watch and Prayer
Consider'd: and religiously beware Lest Thou the Copy with the Type confound;
And Deity, with Deity indrown'd, — For as pure Water into purer Wine
Incorporating shall itself reline While the dull Drug lies half-re solved below,
With Him and with his Shadows is it so: The baser Forms, to whatsoever Change
Subject, still vary through their lower Range: To which the higher even shall decay,
That, letting ooze their better Part away For Things of Sense and Matter, in the End
Shall merge into the Clay to which they tend. Unlike to him, who straining through the Bond
Of outward Being for a Life beyond, While the gross Worldling to his Centre clings,
That draws him deeper in, exulting springs To merge him in the central Soul of Things.
And shall not he pass home with other Zest Who, with full Knowledge, yearns for such a Rest,
Than he, who with his better self at strife, Drags on the weary Exile call'd This Life? —
One, like a child with outstretcht Arms and Face Upturn'd, anticipates his Sire's Embrace;
The other crouching like a guilty Slave Till flogg'd to Punishment across the Grave.
And, knowing that His glory ill can bear The unpurged Eye; do thou Thy Breast prepare:
And the mysterious Mirror He set there, To temper his reflected Image in,
Clear of Distortion, Doubleness, and Sin: And in thy Conscience understanding this,
The Double only seems, but The One is, Thyself to Self-annihilation give
That this false Two in that true One may live. For this I say: if, looking in thy Heart,
Thou for Self-whole mistake thy Shadow-part, That Shadow-part indeed into The Sun
Shall melt, but senseless of its Union: But in that Mirror if with purged eyes
Thy Shadow Thou for Shadow recognise, Then shalt Thou back into thy Centre fall
A conscious Ray of that eternal All.' He ceased, and for awhile Amazement quell'd

The Host, and in the Chain of Silence held: A Mystery so awful who would dare —
So glorious who would not wish — to share? So Silence brooded on the feather'd Folk,
Till here and there a timid Murmur broke From some too poor in honest Confidence,
And then from others of too much Pretence; Whom both, as each unduly hoped or fear'd,
The Tajidar in answer check'd or cheer'd. Some said their Hearts were good indeed to go
The Way he pointed out: but they were slow Of Comprehension, and scarce understood
Their present Evil or the promised Good: And so, tho' willing to do all they could,
Must not they fall short, or go wholly wrong, On such mysterious Errand, and so long?
Whom the wise Leader bid but Do their Best In Hope and Faith, and leave to Him the rest,
For He who fix'd the Race, and knew its Length And Danger, also knew the Runner's Strength.
Shah Mahmud, absent on an Enterprise, Ayas, the very Darling of his eyes,
At home under an Evil Eye fell sick, Then cried the Sultan to a soldier 'Quick!
To Horse! to Horse! without a Moment's Stay, — The shortest Road with all the Speed you may, —
Or, by the Lord, your Head shall pay for it!' — Off went the Soldier, plying Spur and Bit —
Over the sandy Desert, over green Valley, and Mountain, and the Stream between,
Without a Moment's Stop for rest or bait, Up to the City — to the Palace Gate —
Up to the Presence-Chamber at a Stride — And Lo! The Sultan at his Darling's side! —
Then thought the Soldier — I have done my Best, And yet shall die for it.' The Sultan guess'd
His Thought and smiled. 'Indeed your Best you did, The nearest Road you knew, and well you rid:
And if / knew a shorter, my Excess Of Knowledge does but justify thy Less.'
And then, with drooping Crest and Feather, came Others, bow'd down with Penitence and Shame.
They long'd indeed to go; 'but how begin, Mesh'd and entangled as they were in Sin
Which often-times Repentance of past Wrong As often broken had but knit more strong?'
Whom the wise Leader bid be of good cheer, And, conscious of the Fault, dismiss the Fear,
Nor at the very Entrance of the Fray Their Weapon, ev'n if broken, fling away:
Since Mercy on the broken Branch anew Would blossom were but each Repentance true.
For did not God his Prophet take to Task? 'Sev'n-times of Thee did Karun Pardon ask;
Which, hadst thou been like Me his Maker — yea, But present at the Kneading of his Clay
With those twain Elements of Hell and Heav'n, — One prayer had won what Thou deny'st to Sev'n.'
For like a Child sent with a fluttering Light To feel his way along a gusty Night
Man walks the World: again and yet again The Lamp shall be by Fits of Passion slain:
But shall not He who sent him from the Door Relight the Lamp once more, and yet once more?
When the rebellious Host from Death shall wake Black with Despair of Judgment, God shall take

Ages of holy Merit from the Count Of Angels to make up Man's short Amount,
And bid the murmuring Angel gladly spare Of that which, undiminishing his Share,
Of Bliss, shall rescue Thousands from the Cost Of Bankruptcy within the Prison lost.
Another Story told how in the Scale Good Will beyond mere Knowledge would prevail.
In Paradise the Angel Gabriel heard The Lips of Allah trembling with the Word
Of perfect Acceptation: and he thought 'Some perfect Faith such perfect Answer wrought,
But whose?' — And therewith slipping from the Crypt Of Sidra, through the Angel-ranks he slipt
Watching what Lip yet trembled with the Shot That so had hit the Mark — but found it not.
Then, in a Glance to Earth, he threaded through Mosque, Palace, Cell and Cottage of the True
Belief — in vain; so back to Heaven went And — Allah's Lips still trembling with assent!
Then the tenacious Angel once again Threaded the Ranks of Heav'n and Earth — in vain —
Till, once again return'd to Paradise, There, looking into God's, the Angel's Eyes
Beheld the Prayer that brought that Benison Rising like Incense from the Lips of one
Who to an Idol bowed — as best he knew Under that False God worshipping the True.
And then came others whom the summons found Not wholly sick indeed, but far from sound:
Whose light inconstant Soul alternate flew From Saint to Sinner, and to both untrue;
Who like a niggard Tailor, tried to match Truth's single Garment with a worldly Patch.
A dangerous Game; for, striving to adjust The hesitating Scale of either Lust,
That which had least within it upward flew, And still the weightier to the Earth down drew,
And, while suspended between Rise and Fall, Apt with a shaking Hand to forfeit all.
There was a Queen of Egypt like the Bride Of Night, Full-moon-faced and Canopus-eyed,
Whom one among the meanest of her Crowd Loved — and she knew it (for he loved aloud),
And sent for him, and said 'Thou lov'st thy Queen: Now therefore Thou hast this to choose between:
Fly for thy Life: or for this one night Wed Thy Queen, and with the Sunrise lose thy Head.'
He paused — he turn'd to fly — she struck him dead. For had he truly loved his Queen,' said She,
'He would at once have giv'n his Life for me, And Life and Wife had carried: but he lied;
And loving only Life, has justly died.' And then came one who having clear'd his Throat
With sanctimonious Sweetness in his Note Thus lisp'd — 'Behold I languish from the first
With passionate and unrequited Thirst Of Love for more than any mortal Bird.
Therefore have I withdrawn me from the Herd To pine in Solitude. But Thou at last
Hast drawn a line across the dreary Past, And sure I am by Foretaste that the Wine
I long'd for, and Thou tell'st of, shall be mine.' But he was sternly checkt. 'I tell thee this:
Such Boast is no Assurance of such Bliss: Thou canst not even fill the sail of Prayer
Unless from Him breathe that authentic Air That shall lift up the Curtain that divides
His Lover from the Harim where He hides — And the Fulfilment of thy Vows must be,

Not from thy Love for Him, but His for Thee.' The third night after Bajazyd had died,
One saw him, in a dream, at his Bedside, And said, 'Thou Bajazyd? Tell me O Pyr,
How fared it there with Munkar and Nakyr?' And Bajazyd replied, 'When from the Grave
They met me rising, and "If Allah's slave" Ask'd me, "or collar'd with the Chain of Hell?"
I said "Not I but God alone can tell: My Passion for his service were but fond
Ambition had not He approved the Bond: Had He not round my neck the Collar thrown
And told me in the Number of his own; And that He only knew. What signifies
A hundred Years of Prayer if none replies?"' 'But,' said Another, 'then shall none the Seal
Of Acceptation on his Forehead feel Ere the Grave yield them on the other Side
Where all is settled?' But the Chief replied —
'Enough for us to know that who is meet Shall enter, and with unreproved Feet,
(Ev'n as he might upon the Waters walk) The Presence-room, and in the Presence talk
With such unbridled Licence as shall seem To the Uninitiated to blaspheme.'
Just as another Holy Spirit fled, The Skies above him burst into a Bed
Of Angels looking down and singing clear 'Nightingale! Nightingale! thy Rose is here!'
And yet, the Door wide open to that Bliss, As some hot Lover slights a scanty Kiss,
The Saint cried All I sigh'd for come to thisl I who lifelong have struggled, Lord, to be
Not of thy Angels one, but one with Thee!' Others were sure that all he said was true:
They were extremely wicked, that they knew: And much they long'd to go at once — but some,
They said, so unexpectedly had come Leaving their Nests half-built — in bad Repair —
With Children in — Themselves about to pair — 'Might he not choose a better Season — nay,
Better perhaps a Year or Two's Delay, Till all was settled, and themselves more stout
And strong to carry their Repentance out — And then' —
'And then, the same or like Excuse, With harden'd Heart and Resolution loose
With dallying: and old Age itself engaged Still to shirk that which shirking we have aged:
And so with Self-delusion, till, too late, Death upon all Repentance shuts the Gate;
Or some fierce blow compels the Way to choose, And forced Repentance half its Virtue lose.'
As of an aged Indian King they tell Who, when his Empire with his Army fell
Under young Mahmud's Sword of Wrath, was sent At sunset to the Conqueror in his Tent;
But, ere the old King's silver head could reach The Ground, was lifted up — with kindly Speech,
And with so holy Mercy reassured, That, after due Persuasion, he abjured
His idols, sate upon Mahmud's Divan, And took the Name and Faith of Musulman.
But when the Night fell, in his Tent alone The poor old King was heard to weep and groan
And smite his Bosom; which, when Mahmud knew, He went to him and said 'Lo, if Thou rue
Thy lost Dominion, Thou shalt wear the Ring Of thrice as large a Realm.' But the dark King
Still wept, and Ashes on his Forehead threw And cried 'Not for my Kingdom lost I rue:

But thinking how at the Last Day, will stand The Prophet with The Volume in his Hand,
And ask of me "How was't that, in thy Day Of Glory, Thou didst turn from Me and slay
My People; but soon as thy Infidel Before my True Believers' Army fell
Like Corn before the Reaper — thou didst own His Sword who scoutedst Me." Of seed so sown
What profitable Harvest should be grown?' Then after cheering others who delay'd,
Not of the Road but of Themselves afraid, The Tajidar the Troop of those address'd,
Whose uncomplying Attitude confess'd Their Souls entangled in the old Deceit,
And hankering still after forbidden Meat — 'O ye who so long feeding on the Husk
Forgo the Fruit, and doting on the Dusk Of the false Dawn, are blinded to the True:
That in the Maidan of this World pursue The Golden Ball which, driven to the Goal,
Wins the World's Game but loses your own Soul: Or like to Children after Bubbles run
That still elude your Fingers; or, if won, Burst in Derision at your Touch; all thin
Glitter without, and empty Wind within. So as a prosperous Worldling on the Bed
Of Death — "Behold, I am as one," he said, "Who all my Life long have been measuring Wind,
And, dying, now leave even that behind" — This World's a Nest in which the Cockatrice
Is warm'd and hatcht of Vanity and Vice: A false Bazaar whose Wares are all a lie,
Or never worth the Price at which you buy: A many-headed Monster that, supplied
The faster, faster is unsatisfied; So as one, hearing a rich Fool one day
To God for yet one other Blessing pray, Bid him no longer bounteous Heaven tire
For Life to feed, but Death to quench, the Fire. And what are all the Vanities and Wiles
In which the false World decks herself and smiles To draw Men down into her harlot Lap?
Lusts of the Flesh that Soul and Body sap, And, melting Soul down into carnal Lust,
Ev'n that for which 'tis sacrificed disgust: Or Lust of worldly Glory — hollow more
Than the Drum beaten at the Sultan's Door, And fluctuating with the Breath of Man
As the Vain Banner flapping in the Van. And Lust of Gold — perhaps of Lusts the worst;
The mis-created Idol most accurst That between Man and Him who made him stands:
The Felon that with suicidal hands He sweats to dig and rescue from his Grave,
And sets at large to make Himself its Slave. For lo, to what worse than oblivion gone
Are some the cozening World most doted on. Pharaoh tried Glory: and his Chariots drown'd:
Karun with all his Gold went underground: Down toppled Nembroth with his airy Stair:
Schedad among his Roses lived — but where! 'And as the World upon her victims feeds
So She herself goes down the Way she leads. For all her false allurements are the Threads
The Spider from her Entrail spins, and spreads For Home and hunting-ground: And by and by
Darts at due Signal on the tangled Fly, Seizes, dis-wings, and drains the Life, and leaves
The swinging Carcase, and forthwith re- weaves Her Web: each Victim adding to the store
Of poison'd Entrail to entangle more. And so She bloats in Glory: till one Day

The Master of the House, passing that way, Perceives, and with one flourish of his Broom
Of Web and Fly and Spider clears the Room. 'Behold, dropt through the Gate of Mortal Birth,
The Knightly Soul alights from Heav'n on Earth; Begins his Race, but scarce the Saddle feels,
When a foul Imp up from the distance steals, And, double as he will, about his Heels
Closer and ever closer circling creeps, Then, half-invited, on the Saddle leaps,
Clings round the Rider, and, once there, in vain The strongest strives to thrust him off again.
In Childhood just peeps up the Blade of 111, That Youth to Lust rears, Fury, and Self-will:
And, as Man cools to sensual Desire, Ambition catches with as fierce a Fire;
Until Old Age sends him with one last Lust Of Gold, to keep it where he found — in Dust.
Life at both ends so feeble and constrain'd How should that Imp of Sin be slain or chain'd?
And woe to him who feeds the hateful Beast That of his Feeder makes an after-feast!
We know the Wolf: by Strategem and Force Can hunt the Tiger down: but what Resource
Against the Plague we heedless hatch within, Then, growing, pamper into full-blown Sin
With the Soul's self: ev'n, as the wise man said, Feeding the very Devil with God's own Bread;
Until the Lord his Largess misapplied Resent, and drive us wholly from his Side?
For should the Greyhound whom a Sultan fed, And by a jewell'd String a-hunting led,
Turned by the Way to gnaw some nasty Thing And snarl at Him who twitch'd the silken String,
Would not his Lord soon weary of Dispute, And turn adrift the incorrigible Brute?
'Nay, would one follow, and without a Chain, The only Master truly worth the Pain,
One must beware lest, growing over-fond Of even Life's more consecrated Bond,
We clog our Footsteps to the World beyond. Like that old Arab Chieftain, who confess'd
His soul by two too Darling Things possess'd — That only Son of his: and that one Colt
Descended from the Prophet's Thunderbolt. "And I might well bestow the last," he said,
"On him who brought me Word the Boy was dead." And if so vain the glittering Fish we get,
How doubly vain to dote upon the Net, Call'd Life, that draws them, patching up this thin
Tissue of Breathing out and Breathing in, And so by husbanding each wretched Thread
Spin out Death's very terror that we dread — For as the Raindrop from the sphere of God
Dropt for a while into the Mortal Clod So little makes of its allotted Time
Back to its Heav'n itself to re- sublime, That it but serves to saturate its Clay
With Bitterness that will not pass away.' One day the Prophet on a River Bank,
Dipping his Lips into the Channel, drank A Draught as sweet as Honey. Then there came
One who an earthen Pitcher from the same Drew up, and drank: and after some short stay
Under the Shadow, rose and went his Way. Leaving his earthen Bowl. In which, anew
Thirsting, the Prophet from the River drew, And drank from: but the Water that came up
Sweet from the Stream, drank bitter from the Cup. At which the Prophet in a still Surprise
For Answer turning up to Heav'n his Eyes, The Vessel's Earthen Lips with Answer ran —

'The Clay that I am made of once was Man, Who dying, and resolved into the same
Obliterated Earth from which he came Was for the Potter dug, and chased in turn
Through long Vicissitude of Bowl and Urn: But howsoever moulded, still the Pain
Of that first mortal Anguish would retain, And cast, and re-cast, for a Thousand years
Would turn the sweetest Water into Tears.' And after Death? — that, shirk it as we may,
Will come, and with it bring its After-Day — For ev'n as Yusuf (when his Brotherhood
Came up from Egypt to buy Corn, and stood Before their Brother in his lofty Place,
Nor knew him, for a Veil before his Face) Struck on his Mystic Cup, which straightway then
Rung out their Story to those guilty Ten: — Not to them only, but to every one;
Whatever he have said and thought and done, Unburied with the Body shall fly up,
And gather into Heav'n's inverted Cup, Which, stricken by God's Finger, shall tell all
The Story whereby we must stand or fall. And though we walk this World as if behind
There were no Judgement, or the Judge half-blind, Beware, for He with whom we have to do
Outsees the Lynx, outlives the Phoenix too — So Sultan Mahmud, coming Face to Face
With mightier numbrs of the swarthy Race, Vow'd that if God to him the battle gave,
God's Dervish People all the Spoil should have. And God the Battle gave him; and the Fruit
Of a great Conquest coming to compute, A Murmur through the Sultan's Army stirr'd
Lest, ill committed to one hasty Word, The Shah should squander on an idle Brood
What should be theirs who earn'd it with their Blood, Or go to fill the Coffers of the State.
So Mahmud's Soul began to hesitate: Till looking round in Doubt from side to side
A raving Zealot in the Press he spied, And call'd and had him brought before his Face,
And, telling, bid him arbitrate the case. Who, having listen'd, said — 'The Thing is plain:
If Thou and God should never have again To deal together, rob him of his share:
But if perchance you should — why then Beware!' So spake the Tajidar: but Fear and Doubt
Among the Birds in Whispers went about: Great was their Need: and Succour to be sought
At any Risk: at any Ransom bought: But such a Monarch — greater than Mahmud
The Great Himself! Why how should he be woo'd To listen to them? they too have come
O So suddenly, and unprepared from home With any Gold, or Jewel, or rich Thing
To carry with them to so great a King — Poor Creatures! with the old and carnal Blind,
Spite of all said, so thick upon the Mind, Devising how they might ingratiate
Access, as to some earthly Potentate. 'Let him that with this Monarch would engage
Bring the Gold Dust of a long Pilgrimage: The Ruby of a bleeding Heart, whose Sighs
Breathe more than Amber-incense as it dies; And while in naked Beggary he stands
Hope for the Robe of Honour from his Hands.' And, as no gift this Sovereign receives
Save the mere Soul and Self of him who gives, So let that Soul for other none Reward
Look than the Presence of its Sovereign Lord.' And as his Hearers seem'd to estimate

526 Their Scale of Glory from Mahmud the Great, A simple Story of the Sultan told
527 How best a subject with his Shah made bold — One night Shah Mahmud who had been of late
528 Somewhat distemper'd with Affairs of State Stroll'd through the Streets disguised, as wont to do
—
529 And, coming to the Baths, there on the Flue Saw the poor Fellow who the Furnace fed
530 Sitting beside his Water-jug and Bread. Mahmud stept in — sat down — unask'd took up
531 And tasted of the untasted Loaf and Cup, Saying within himself, 'Grudge but a bit,
532 And, by the Lord, your Head shall pay for it!' So having rested, warm'd and satisfied
533 Himself without a Word on either side, At last the wayward Sultan rose to go.
534 And then at last his Host broke silence — 'So? — Art satisfied? Well, Brother, any Day
535 Or Night, remember, when you come this Way And want a bit of Provender — why, you
536 Are welcome, and if not — why, welcome too.' — The Sultan was so tickled with the whim
537 Of this quaint Entertainment and of him Who offer'd it, that many a Night again
538 Stoker and Shah forgather'd in that Vein — Till, the poor Fellow having stood the Test
539 Of true Good-fellowship, Mahmud confess'd One Night the Sultan that had been his Guest:
540 And in requital of the scanty Dole The Poor Man offer'd with so large a soul,
541 Bid him ask any Largess that he would A Throne — if he would have it, so he should.
542 The Poor Man kiss'd the Dust, and All,' said he, 'I ask is what and where I am to be;
543 If but the Shah from time to time will come As now and see me in the lowly Home
544 His presence makes a palace, and my own Poor Flue more royal than another's Throne.'
545 So said the cheery Tale: and, as they heard, Again the Heart beneath the Feather stirr'd:
546 Again forgot the Danger and the Woes Of the long Travel in its glorious Close: —
547 'Here truly all was Poverty, Despair And miserable Banishment — but there
548 That more than Mahmud, for no more than Prayer Who would restore them to their ancient Place,
549 And round their Shoulders fling his Robe of Grace.' They clapp'd their Wings, on Fire to be assay'd
550 And prove of what true Metal they were made, Although defaced, and wanting the true Ring
551 And Superscription of their rightful King. 'The Road! The Road!' in countless voices cried
552 The Host — 'The Road! and who shall be our Guide?' And they themselves 'The Tajidar!' replied:
553 Yet to make doubly certain that the Voice Of Heav'n according with the People's Choice,
554 Lots should be drawn; and He on whom should light Heav'n's Hand — they swore to follow him outright.
555 This settled, and once more the Hubbub quell'd, Once more Suspense the Host in Silence held,
556 While, Tribe by Tribe, the Birds their fortune drew; And Lo ! upon the Tajidar it flew.
557 Then rising up again in wide and high Circumference of wings that mesh'd the sky
558 'The Tajidar! The Tajidar!' they cry — 'The Tajidar! The Tajidar!' with Him

559 Was Heav'n, and They would follow Life and Limb ! Then, once more fluttering to their Places down,

560 Upon his Head they set the Royal Crown As Khalif of their Khalif so long lost,

561 And Captain of his now repentant Host; And setting him on high, and Silence call'd,

562 The Tajidar, in Pulpit-throne install'd, His Voice into a Trumpet-tongue so clear

563 As all the winged Multitude should hear Raised, to proclaim the Order and Array

564 Of March; which, many as it frighten'd — yea, The Heart of Multitudes at outset broke,

565 Yet for due Preparation must be spoke. — A Road indeed that never Wing before

566 Flew, nor Foot trod, nor Heart imagined — o'er Waterless Deserts — Waters where no Shore —

567 Valleys comprising cloud-high Mountains: these Again their Valleys deeper than the Seas:

568 Whose Dust all Adders, and whose vapour Fire: Where all once hostile Elements conspire

569 To set the Soul against herself, and tear Courage to Terror — Hope into Despair,

570 And Madness; Terrors, Trials, to make stray Or Stop where Death to wander or delay:

571 Where when half dead with Famine, Toil, and Heat, 'Twas Death indeed to rest, or drink, or eat.

572 A Road still waxing in Self-sacrifice As it went on: still ringing with the Cries

573 And Groans of Those who had not yet prevail'd, And bleaching with the Bones of those who fail'd:

574 Where, almost all withstood, perhaps to earn Nothing: and, earning, never to return. —

575 And first the VALE OF SEARCH: an endless Maze, Branching into innumerable Ways

576 All courting Entrance: but one right: and this Beset with Pitfall, Gulf, and Precipice,

577 Where Dust is Embers, Air a fiery Sleet, Through which with blinded Eyes and bleeding Feet

578 The Pilgrim stumbles, with Hyena's Howl Around, and hissing Snake, and deadly Ghoul,

579 Whose Prey he falls if tempted but to droop, Or if to wander famish'd from the Troop

580 For fruit that falls to ashes in the Hand, Water that reacht recedes into the Sand.

581 The only word is 'Forward!' Guide in sight, After him, swerving neither left nor right,

582 Thyself for thine own Victual by Day, At night thine own Self s Caravanserai.

583 Till suddenly, perhaps when most subdued And desperate, the Heart shall be renew'd

584 When deep in utter Darkness, by one Gleam Of Glory from the far remote Harim,

585 That, with a scarcely conscious Shock of Change, Shall light the Pilgrim toward the Mountain Range

586 Of KNOWLEDGE: where, if stronger and more pure The Light and Air, yet harder to endure;

587 And if, perhaps, the Footing more secure, Harder to keep up with a nimble Guide,

588 Less from lost Road than insufficient Stride — Yet tempted still by false Shows from the Track,

589 And by false Voices call'd aside or back, Which echo from the Bosom, as if won

590 The Journey's End when only just begun, And not a Mountain Peak with Toil attain'd

591 But shows a top yet higher to be gain'd. Wherefore still Forward, Forward! Love that fired

592 Thee first to search, by Search so re-inspired As that the Spirit shall the carnal Load

593 Burn up, and double wing Thee on the Road; That wert thou knocking at the very Door

594 Of Heav'n, thou still would'st cry for More, More, More! Till loom in sight Kaf s Mountain Peak ashroud

595 In Mist — uncertain yet Mountain or Cloud, But where the Pilgrim 'gins to hear the Tide

596 Of that one Sea in which the Sev'n subside; And not the Sev'n Seas only: but the sev'n

597 And self-enfolded Spheres of Earth and Heav'n — Yea, the Two Worlds, that now as Pictures sleep

598 Upon its Surface — but when once the Deep From its long Slumber 'gins to heave and sway —

599 Under the Tempest shall be swept away With all their Phases and Phenomena:

600 Not senseless Matter only, but combined With Life in all Varieties of Kind;

601 Yea, ev'n the abstract Forms that Space and Time Men call, and Weal and Woe, Virtue and Crime,

602 And all the several Creeds like those who fell Before them, Musulman and Infidel

603 Shall from the Face of Being melt away, Cancell'd and swept as Dreams before the Day.

604 So hast thou seen the Astrologer prepare His mystic Table smooth of sand, and there

605 Inscribe his mystic figures, Square, and Trine, Circle and Pentagram, and heavenly Sign

606 Of Star and Planet: from whose Set and Rise, Meeting and Difference, he prophesies;

607 And, having done it, with his Finger clean Obliterates as never they had been.

608 Such is when reacht the Table Land of One And Wonder: blazing with so fierce a Sun

609 Of Unity that blinds while it reveals The Universe that to a Point congeals,

610 So, stunn'd with utter Revelation, reels The Pilgrim, when that Double- seeming House,

611 Against whose Beams he long had chafed his Brows, Crumbles and cracks before that Sea, whose near

612 And nearer Voice now overwhelms his Ear. Till blinded, deafen'd, madden 'd, drunk with doubt

613 Of all within Himself as all without, Nay, whether a Without there be, or not,

614 Or a Within that doubts: and if, then what? — Ev'n so shall the bewilder'd Pilgrim seem

615 When nearest waking deepliest in Dream, And darkest next to Dawn; and lost what had

616 When All is found: and just when sane quite Mad — As one that having found the Key once more

617 Returns, and Lo! he cannot find the Door He stumbles over — So the Pilgrim stands

618 A moment on the Threshold — with raised Hands Calls to the eternal Saki for one Draught

619 Of Light from the One Essence: which when quaff d, He plunges headlong in: and all is well

620 With him who never more returns to tell. Such being then the Race and such the Goal,

621 Judge if you must not Body both and Soul With Meditation, Watch and Fast prepare.

622 For he that wastes his body to a Hair Shall seize the Locks of Truth: and He that prays

623 Good Angels in their Ministry waylays: And the Midnightly Watcher in the Folds

624 Of his own Darkness God Almighty holds. He that would prosper here must from him strip

The World, and take the Dervish Gown and Scrip: And as he goes must gather from all Sides
Irrelevant Ambitions, Lusts and Prides, Glory and Gold, and sensual Desire,
Whereof to build the fundamental Pyre Of Self-annihilation: and cast in
All old Relations and Regards of Kin And Country: and, the Pile with this perplext
World platform'd, from the Fables of the Next Raise it tow'rd Culmination, with the torn
Rags and Integuments of Creeds out-worn; And top the giddy Summit with the Scroll
Of Reason that in dingy Smoke shall roll Over the true Self-sacrifice of Soul:
(For such a Prayer was his — 'O God, do Thou With all my Wealth in the other World endow
My Friends: and with my Wealth in this my Foes, Till bankrupt in thy Riches I repose!')
Then, all the Pile completed of the Pelf Of either World — at last throw on Thyself,
And with the torch of Self-negation fire; And ever as the Flames rise high and higher,
With Cries of agonising Glory still All of that Self 'burn up that burn up will,
Leaving the Phoenix that no Fire can slay To spring from its own Ashes kindled — nay,
Itself an inextinguishable Spark Of Being, now beneath Earth-ashes dark,
Transcending these, at last Itself transcends And with the One Eternal Essence blends.
The Moths had long been exiled from the Flame They worship: so to solemn Council came,
And voted One of them by Lot be sent To find their Idol. One was chosen: went.
And after a long Circuit in sheer Gloom, Seeing, he thought, the TAPER in a Room
Flew back at once to say so. But the chief Of Mothistan slighted so slight Belief,
And sent another Messenger, who flew Up to the House, in at the window, through
The Flame itself; and back the Message brings, With yet no sign of Conflict on his wings.
Then went a Third, and spurr'd with true Desire, Plunging at once into the sacred Fire,
Folded his Wings within, till he became One Colour and one Substance with the Flame.
He only knew the Flame who in it burn'd; And only He could tell who ne'er to tell return'd.
After declaring what of this declared Must be, that all who went should be prepared,
From his high Station ceased the Tajidar — And lo ! the Terrors that, when told afar,
Seem'd but as Shadows of a Noonday Sun, Now that the talkt-of Thing was to be done,
Lengthening into those of closing Day Strode into utter Darkness: and Dismay
Like Night on the husht Sea of Feathers lay, Late so elate — 'So terrible a Track!
Endless — or, ending, never to come back! — Never to Country, Family, or Friend!' —
In sooth no easy Bow for Birds to bend! — Even while he spoke, how many Wings and Crests
Had slunk away to distant Woods and Nests; Others again in Preparation spent
What little Strength they had, and never went: And others, after preparation due —
When up the Veil of that first Valley drew From whose waste Wilderness of Darkness blew
A Sarsar, whether edged of Flames or Snows, That through from Root to Tip their Feathers froze
—

660 Up went a Multitude that overhead A moment darken'd, then on all sides fled,

661 Dwindling the World- assembled Caravan To less than half the Number that began.

662 Of those who fled not, some in Dread and Doubt Sat without stirring: others who set out

663 With frothy Force, or stupidly resign'd, Before a League, flew off or fell behind.

664 And howsoever the more Brave and Strong In Courage, Wing, or Wisdom push'd along,

665 Yet League by League the Road was thicklier spread By the fast falling Foliage of the Dead:

666 Some spent with Travel over Wave and Ground; Scorcht, frozen, dead for Drought, or drinking drown'd.

667 Famisht, or poison'd with the Food when found: By Weariness, or Hunger, or Affright

668 Seduced to stop or stray, become the Bite Of Tiger howling round or hissing Snake,

669 Or Crocodile that eyed them from the Lake: Or raving Mad, or in despair Self-slain:

670 Or slaying one another for a Grain: — Till of the mighty Host that fledged the Dome

671 Of Heav'n and Floor of Earth on leaving Home, A Handful reach'd and scrambled up the Knees

672 Of Kaf whose Feet dip in the Seven Seas; And of the few that up his Forest- sides

673 Of Light and Darkness where The Presence hides, But Thirty — thirty desperate draggled Things,

674 Half-dead, with scarce a Feather on their Wings, Stunn'd, blinded, deafen'd with the Crash and Craze

675 Of Rock and Sea collapsing in a Blaze That struck the Sun to Cinder — fell upon

676 The Threshold of the Everlasting One, With but enough of Life in each to cry,

677 On THAT which all absorb'd— And suddenly

678 Forth flash'd a winged Harbinger of Flame And Tongue of Fire, and 'Who?' and 'Whence they came?'

679 And Why?' demanded. And the Tajidar For all the Thirty answer'd him — We are

680 Those Fractions of the Sum of Being, far Dis- spent and foul disfigured, that once more

681 Strike for Admission at the Treasury Door.' To whom the Angel answer'd — 'Know ye not

682 That He you seek recks little who or what Of Quantity and Kind — himself the Fount

683 Of Being Universal needs no Count Of all the Drops o'erflowing from his Urn,

684 In what Degree they issue or return?' Then cried the Spokesman, 'Be it even so:

685 Let us but see the Fount from which we flow, And, seeing, lose Ourselves therein!' and, Lo!

686 Before the Word was utter'd, or the Tongue Of Fire replied, or Portal open flung.

687 They were within — they were before the Throne, Before the Majesty that sat thereon,

688 But wrapt in so insufferable a Blaze Of Glory as beat down their baffled Gaze.

689 Which, downward dropping, fell upon a Scroll That, Lightning-like, flash'd back on each the whole

690 Past half-forgotten Story of his Soul: Like that which Yusuf in his Glory gave

691 His Brethren as some Writing he would have Interpreted; and at a Glance, behold

692 Their own Indenture for their Brother sold! And so with these poor Thirty: who, abasht

693 In Memory all laid bare and Conscience lasht, By full Confession and Self-loathing flung

694 The Rags of carnal Self that round them clung; And, their old selves self-knowledged and self-loathed,

695 And in the Soul's Integrity re-clothed, Once more they ventured from the Dust to raise

696 Their Eyes — up to the Throne — into the Blaze, And in the Centre of the Glory there

697 Beheld the Figure of — Themselves — as 'twere Transfigured — looking to Themselves, beheld

698 The Figure on the Throne en-miracled, Until their Eyes themselves and That between

699 Did hesitate which Seer was, which Seen; They That, That They: Another, yet the Same:

700 Dividual, yet One: from whom there came A Voice of awful Answer, scarce discern'd

701 From which to Aspiration whose return'd They scarcely knew; as when some Man apart

702 Answers aloud the Question in his Heart — 'The Sun of my Perfection is a Glass

703 Wherein from Seeing into Being pass All who, reflecting as reflected see

704 Themselves in Me, and Me in Them: not Me, But all of Me that a contracted Eye

705 Is comprehensive of Infinity: Nor yet Themselves: no Selves, but of The All

706 Fractions, from which they split and whither fall. As Water lifted from the Deep, again

707 Falls back in individual Drops of Rain Then melts into the Universal Main.

708 All you have been, and seen, and done, and thought, Not You but /, have seen and been and wrought:

709 I was the Sin that from Myself rebell'd: I the Remorse that tow'rd Myself compell'd:

710 I was the Tajidar who led the Track: I was the little Briar that pull'd you back:

711 Sin and Contrition — Retribution owed, And cancell'd — Pilgrim, Pilgrimage, and Road,

712 Was but Myself toward Myself: and Your Arrival but Myself at my own Door:

713 Who in your Fraction of Myself behold Myself within the Mirror Myself hold

714 To see Myself in, and each part of Me That sees himself, though drown'd, shall ever see.

715 Come you lost Atoms to your Centre draw, And be the Eternal Mirror that you saw:

716 Rays that have wander'd into Darkness wide Return, and back into your Sun subside.' —

717 This was the Parliament of Birds: and this The Story of the Host who went amiss,

718 And of the Few that better Upshot found; Which being now recounted, Lo, the Ground

719 Of Speech fails underfoot: But this to tell — Their Road is thine — Follow — and Fare thee well.